AQA Sample Paper: GCSE English Language

Paper 2: Writers' viewpoints and perspectives

Mark Scheme

Q1. Read again the first part of Source A from lines 1 to 18. Choose four statements below which are true. [4 marks]

- A. Malala finds it difficult to remember what her bedroom looks like.
- B. Malala had a blue and white school uniform.
- C. Malala's bedroom shares a wall with her neighbour's house.
- D. Malala's sister is called Safina.
- E. There was a market near Malala's home.
- F. Malala's father was the headmaster of the Khushal School for Girls.
- G. Malala always speaks seriously to her father.
- H. Malala no longer lives in her childhood home.

Q2. You need to refer to Source A and Source B for this question. Use details from both sources. Write a summary of the differences between Malala's home in Birmingham and Oliphant's home in Lasswade.

[8 marks]

Level	Skills Descriptors
Level 4	Shows a detailed understanding of differences between the two homes
Perceptive,	Offers perceptive interpretation of both texts
detailed	Synthesises evidence between texts
7-8 marks	Selects a range of judicious quotations from both texts
Level 3	Shows a clear understanding of differences between the two homes
Clear, relevant	Begins to interpret both texts
5-6 marks	Demonstrates clear connections between texts
	Selects relevant quotations/references from both texts to support response
Level 2	Identifies some differences between the two homes
Some, attempts	Attempts some inference from one/both texts
3-4 marks	Attempts to link evidence between texts
	Selects some quotations/references; not always supporting (from one/both
	texts)
Level 1	Shows simple awareness of difference(s)
Simple, limited	Offers paraphrase rather than inference
1-2 marks	Makes simple or no links between texts
	Simple reference or textual detail from one/both texts

AO1 content may include ideas such as:

- Oliphant's description of her home seems more positive than Malala's description
- Malala doesn't see Birmingham as her 'true' home; Oliphant has fond memories
- Malala's home in Birmingham has many modern comforts running water, large furniture, a large TV while Oliphant's home does not. But the scene is still warm and comforting, e.g. the fire, mother pouring tea, etc.
- Malala lives in a large 'cold' city, whereas Oliphant lives outside Edinburgh, which she describes
 as the 'world' (suggesting her home is quite separate from what she sees as the rest of the
 world)

Q3. You now need to refer to **Source B only**. How does Oliphant use language to show how much she loved her brother? [12 marks]

Level	Skills Descriptors
Level 4	Shows detailed and perceptive understanding of language
Perceptive,	Analyses the effects of the writer's choice of language
detailed	Selects a range of judicious quotations
10-12 marks	Uses a range of subject terminology appropriately
Level 3	Shows clear understanding of language
Clear, relevant	Clearly explains the effects of the writer's choice of language
7-9 marks	Selects relevant quotations
	Uses subject terminology accurately
Level 2	Shows some understanding of <i>language</i>
Some, attempts	Attempts to comment on the effect of language
4-6 marks	Selects some relevant quotations
	Uses some subject terminology, not always appropriately
Level 1	Shows simple awareness of <i>language</i>
Simple, limited	Offers simple comment on the effects of language
1-3 marks	Simple references or textual details
	Simple mention of subject terminology

AO2 content may include the effect of ideas such as:

- Use of positive adjectives and repetition of 'good'
- Use of superlative 'dearest of companions'
- Use of exclamations
- Use of anecdote/memory of seeing a man she thought to be Frank
- Personal pronouns to show care she had for him ('my Frank')

Q4. You need to refer to **Source A** and **Source B** for this question. Compare how the two writers convey their different memories towards their childhood homes. **[16 marks]**

Level	Skills Descriptors
Level 4	Shows a detailed understanding of the ideas and perspectives
Perceptive,	Compares ideas and perspectives in a perceptive way
detailed	Analyses how methods are used to convey ideas and perspectives
13-16 marks	Selects range of judicious quotations from both texts
Level 3	Shows a clear understanding of the ideas and perspectives
Clear,	Compares ideas and perspectives in a clear and relevant way
relevant	Explains clearly how methods are used to convey ideas and perspectives
9-12 marks	Selects relevant quotations to support from both texts
Level 2	Identifies some ideas and perspectives
Some,	Attempts to compare ideas and perspectives
attempts	Some comment on how methods are used to convey ideas and perspectives
5-8 marks	Selects some quotations/references, not always supporting (from one or both texts)
Level 1	Simple awareness of ideas and/or perspectives
Simple,	Simple cross reference of ideas and/or perspectives
limited	Simple identification of how differences are conveyed
1-4 marks	Simple references or textual details from one or both texts

AO3 content may include ideas such as:

- Both have fond/idyllic memories but for different reasons
- Malala talks of the busy/bustling nature of her childhood home, which she misses now that she is
 in Birmingham. She feels a sense of loss and returns there often in her thoughts because she
 misses it.
- Oliphant thinks fondly of her home but not because she feels a sense of loss hers is simply a positive memory that reminds her of her childhood, her brother and her early family life.

And comment on methods such as:

- Use of different tone
- Lexical and structural choices to create differing tones
- Malala uses contrasts (her home in Pakistan vs her home in Birmingham) whereas Oliphant just speaks of Lasswade
- Language differences reflect different times/modes/purposes

Q5. 'Your identity has nothing to do with the town or country or continent you come from. Being British, European, Asian or African makes no difference to who you are.' Write an online article aimed at teenagers, giving your thoughts in response to this statement. **[40 marks]**

AO5 Content and Organisation

is engaging

and connected

Level 3

13-15

marks

Organisation

A03 content and organisation				
Level 4 19-24 marks Content is convincing and crafted;	Upper Level 4 22-24 marks	Content Communication is convincing and compelling throughout Tone style and register assuredly matched to purpose, form and audience; manipulative, subtle and increasingly abstract Extensive and ambitious vocabulary with sustained crafting of linguistic devices Organisation Highly structured and developed writing, incorporating a range of integrated and complex ideas Fluently linked paragraphs with seamlessly integrated discourse markers Varied and inventive use of structural features		
Organisation is structured, developed, complex and varied	Lower Level 4 19-21 marks	Content Communication is convincing Tone, style and register consistently match purpose, form and audience; Extensive vocabulary with evidence of conscious crafting of linguistic devices Organisation Structured and developed writing with a range of engaging complex ideas Consistently coherent use of paragraphs with integrated discourse markers Varied and effective structural features		
Level 3 13-18 marks Content is clear and chosen for effect	Upper Level 3 16-18 marks	Content Communication is consistently clear and effective Tone, style and register matched to purpose, form and audience Increasingly sophisticated vocabulary and phrasing, chosen for effect with a range of appropriate linguistic devices Organisation Writing is engaging using a range of detailed connected ideas Coherent paragraphs with integrated discourse markers Effective use of structural features		
Organisation	Lower	Content Communication is clear Tone, style and register generally matched to purpose, form and audience		

Vocabulary clearly chosen for effect and successful use of linguistic devices

Writing is engaging with a range of connected ideas

Usually effective use of structural features

Usually coherent paragraphs with range of discourse markers

Level 2 10-12 marks	Some sustained attempt to match purpose, form and audience; some control of register Conscious use of vocabulary with some use of linguistic devices Organisation Increasing variety of linked and relevant ideas Some use of paragraphs and some use of discourse markers Some use of structural features
Lower Level 2 7-9 marks	Content Content Communicates with some success Attempts to match purpose, form and audience; attempts to control register Begins to vary vocabulary with some use of linguistic devices Organisation Some linked and relevant ideas Attempt to write in paragraphs with some discourse markers, not always appropriate Attempts to use structural features
Upper Level 1 4-6 marks	Content Simple communication of ideas Simple awareness of purpose, form and audience; limited control of register Simple vocabulary; simple linguistic devices Organisation One or two relevant ideas, simply linked Random paragraph structure
	Lower Level 2 7-9 marks

Evidence of simple structural features

Occasional sense of purpose, form and/or audience

Limited or no evidence of structural features

· Communicates limited meaning

One or two unlinked ideas

Simple vocabulary

No paragraphs

Organisation

AO6 Technical Accuracy

Lower

Level 1

1-3 marks

Content is

simple

Organisation is simple and limited

	Sentence demarcation is consistently secure and consistently accurate
Level 4	Wide range of punctuation is used with a high level of accuracy
Level 4	Uses a full range of appropriate sentence forms for effect
13-16 marks	
l lo lo mamo	Uses Standard English consistently and appropriately with secure control of complex grammatical structures
	Structures
	High level of accuracy in spelling, including ambitious vocabulary
	Extensive and ambitious use of vocabulary
	Sentence demarcation is mostly secure and mostly accurate
	Range of punctuation is used, mostly with success
Level 3	
0.42	Uses a variety of sentence forms for effect
9-12 marks	Mostly uses Standard English appropriately with mostly controlled grammatical structures
	Generally accurate spelling, including complex and irregular words
	Increasingly sophisticated use of vocabulary
	Sentence demarcation is mostly secure and sometimes accurate
Level 2	Some control of a range of punctuation
Level 2	Attenute a variety of contants forms
5-8 marks	Attempts a variety of sentence forms
3 o marks	Some use of Standard English with some control of agreement
	Some accurate spelling of more complex words
	Varied use of vocabulary
	• Faired use of Focabulary
	Occasional use of sentence demarcation
	Some evidence of conscious punctuation
Level 1	
4.4	Simple range of sentence forms
1-4 marks	Occasional use of Standard English with limited control of agreement
	- Accurate basis apolling
	Accurate basic spelling Simple was of weadhulant
	Simple use of vocabulary